

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2026 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 4874

**FISCAL
NOTE**

By Delegates Pritt, Martin, and Clay

[Introduced January 28, 2026; referred to the
Committee on Government Organization then
Finance]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §11-3-1 and §11-5-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as
2 amended; and to amend said code by adding a new article, designated §17A-3B-1, all
3 relating to streamlining the process of personal property assessment by requiring the
4 Division of Motor Vehicles to provide the Tax Assessor with records of all personal property
5 that the Division of Motor Vehicles maintains.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 3. ASSESSMENTS GENERALLY.

§11-3-1. Time and basis of assessments; true and actual value; default; reassessment;

special	assessors;	criminal	penalty.
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1 (a) All property, except public service businesses assessed pursuant to article six of this
2 chapter, shall be assessed annually as of July 1 at 60 percent of its true and actual value; that is to
3 say, at the price for which the property would sell if voluntarily offered for sale by the owner thereof,
4 upon the terms as the property, the value of which is sought to be ascertained, is usually sold, and
5 not the price which might be realized if the property were sold at a forced sale.

6 (b) Any conflicting provisions of subsection (a) of this section notwithstanding, the true and
7 actual value of all property owned, used and occupied by the owner thereof exclusively for
8 residential purposes shall be arrived at by also giving consideration to the fair and reasonable
9 amount of income which the same might be expected to earn, under normal conditions in the
10 locality wherein situated, if rented: *Provided*, That the true and actual value of all farms used,
11 occupied and cultivated by their owners or bona fide tenants shall be arrived at according to the
12 fair and reasonable value of the property for the purpose for which it is actually used regardless of
13 what the value of the property would be if used for some other purpose; and that the true and
14 actual value shall be arrived at by giving consideration to the fair and reasonable income which the
15 same might be expected to earn under normal conditions in the locality wherein situated, if rented:

16 *Provided, however,* That nothing herein shall alter the method of assessment of lands or minerals
17 owned by domestic or foreign corporations.

18 (c) The taxes upon all property shall be paid by those who are the owners thereof on the
19 assessment date whether it be assessed to them or others.

20 (d) If at any time after the beginning of the assessment year it be ascertained by the Tax
21 Commissioner that the assessor, or any of his or her deputies, is not complying with this provision
22 or that they have failed, neglected or refused, or is failing, neglecting or refusing after five days'
23 notice to list and assess all property therein at sixty percent of its true and actual value as
24 determined under this chapter, the Tax Commissioner shall order and direct a reassessment of
25 any or all of the property in any county, district or municipality where any assessor or deputy fails,
26 neglects or refuses to assess the property in the manner herein provided. And, if the Tax
27 Commissioner has determined that the assessor has not complied or has so failed, neglected or
28 refused to list and assess property as aforesaid for two or more consecutive years, for the purpose
29 of making assessment and correction of values, the Tax Commissioner shall appoint one or more
30 special assessors, unless the Tax Commissioner determines that such appointment should be
31 made earlier, as necessity may require, to make assessment in any county and any such special
32 assessor or assessors, as the case may be, has the power and authority now vested by law in
33 assessors, and the work of such special assessor or assessors shall be accepted and treated for
34 all purposes by the county boards of review and equalization and the levying bodies, subject to
35 any revisions of value on appeal, as the true and lawful assessment of that year as to all property
36 valued by him or her or them. The Tax Commissioner shall fix the compensation of all special
37 assessors appointed, which, together with their actual expenses, shall be paid out of the county
38 fund by the county commission of the county in which any such assessment is ordered, upon the
39 receipt of a certificate of the Tax Commissioner filed with the clerk of the county commission
40 showing the amounts due and to whom payable, after such expenses have been audited by the
41 county commission. All of this subsection is subject to the following:

42 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection to the contrary, if the Tax
43 Commissioner has determined that the assessor has not complied or has so failed, neglected or
44 refused to list and assess property as aforesaid for two consecutive years, but the assessor can
45 show that the criteria established by rule pursuant to this subsection are met, the Tax
46 Commissioner is not required to appoint one or more special assessors pursuant to this section,
47 and in lieu of appointing one or more special assessors, may again order and direct a
48 reassessment of any or all of the property pursuant to this subsection;

49 (2) For any third or succeeding consecutive year or years that the Tax Commissioner
50 determines that the assessor has not complied or has so failed, neglected or refused to list and
51 assess property as aforesaid, the Tax Commissioner shall appoint one or more special assessors
52 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection regardless of whether or not the assessor can show
53 that he or she will list and assess property as aforesaid the next year; and

54 (3) For the purposes of determining consecutive years pursuant to this subsection, only tax
55 years beginning on and after the July 1, 2013, assessment date may be considered a first year.

56 (4) For purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection, criteria for determining whether the
57 assessor has made a satisfactory showing that he or she will list and assess property as aforesaid
58 for the year next succeeding the two assessment years specified in subdivision (1) of this
59 subsection, the Tax Commissioner shall apply criteria based on: (A) Sales validity; (B) appraisal
60 uniformity; (C) appraisal evaluation; and (D) such other criteria as the Tax Commissioner may
61 prescribe. The Tax Commissioner shall promulgate a legislative rule to specify criteria for the
62 treatment authorized herein for any such third year or succeeding consecutive year or years, and
63 such administrative and procedural requirements and criteria as the Tax Commissioner may
64 prescribe.

65 (e) Any assessor who knowingly fails, neglects or refuses to assess all the property of his
66 or her county, as herein provided, shall be guilty of malfeasance in office and, upon conviction
67 thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, or imprisoned not less than three nor

68 more than six months, or both, in the discretion of the court, and upon conviction, shall be removed
69 from office.

70 (f) For purposes of this chapter and chapter eleven-a of this code, the following terms have
71 the meanings ascribed to them in this section unless the context in which the term is used clearly
72 indicates that a different meaning is intended by the Legislature:

73 (1) "Assessment date" means July 1 of the year preceding the tax year.

74 (2) "Assessment year" means the twelve-month period that begins on the assessment
75 date.

76 (3) "Tax year" or "property tax year" means the next calendar year that begins after the
77 assessment date.

78 (4) "Taxpayer" means the owner and any other person in whose name the taxes on the
79 subject property are lawfully assessed.

80 (g) The Tax Assessor shall obtain from the Division of Motor Vehicles the lists of motor
81 vehicles owned by each individual on July 1 of every year. The lists shall be provided to the
82 Assessor by October 1 of that year. These records from the Division of Motor Vehicles shall be
83 what is used regarding the assessment of taxes on all motor vehicle personal property.

ARTICLE 5. ASSESSMENT OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

§11-5-2. Personal property books.

1 In his or her personal property books the assessor shall enter the names and post-office
2 addresses of the owners of personal property alphabetically arranged by districts, showing
3 separately the values of:

4 (1) All tangible personal property employed exclusively in agriculture including horticulture
5 and grazing;

6 (2) All products of agriculture (including livestock) while owned by the producer;

7 (3) All notes, bonds, bills and accounts receivable, stocks and any other intangible
8 personal property;

9 (4) The total of one, two and three;

10 (5) All other tangible personal property;

11 (6) All personal property owned as listed by the Division of Motor Vehicles.

12 The Tax Commissioner may prescribe such itemization and further information as he or

13 she deems necessary. The assessor shall make the same number of copies and extend the levies

14 in the same way as he or she does with the landbook.

CHAPTER 17A. MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATE OF TITLE, AND ANTITHEFT PROVISIONS.

ARTICLE 3B. PROVIDING PERSONAL PROPERTY LISTS TO TAX ASSESSORS.

§17A-3B-1. Personal property reports.
On or before October 1 of each year, the Division of Motor Vehicles shall provide itemized lists of all motorized property owned by each person on July 1 of that year to the Tax Assessors.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to streamline the process of personal property tax assessment by requiring the Division of Motor Vehicles to supply personal property records of all motor vehicles owned to the Tax Assessor.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.